



TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

201116041

T:EP:RA:T4

JAN 24 2011

UIL No. 408.03-00

Legend:

Taxpayer A =

Individual B =

IRA X =

IRA Y =

Amount A =

Amount B =

Amount C =

Financial Institution R =

Financial Institution S =

Company Y =

Date 1 =

Date 2 =

Date 3 =

Date 4 =

Date 5 =

Dear:

201116041

This is in response to your request dated October 27, 2010, as supplemented by correspondence dated November 5, 2010, in which you request a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

The following facts and representations have been submitted under penalty of perjury in support of the ruling requested:

Taxpayer A, age 59, represents that she received distributions from IRAs X and Y totaling Amount C. Taxpayer A asserts that her failure to accomplish a rollover within the 60-day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3) of the Code was due to the misappropriation of funds by Individual B.

Taxpayer A established IRAs X and Y with the assistance of Individual B, a licensed securities broker and Taxpayer A's financial advisor. Individual B was the manager and chief executive officer of Company Y, and worked as an independent contractor with Financial Institution R.

On Date 1, Taxpayer A, acting on the advice of Individual B, closed IRAs X and Y, intending to consolidate the IRA accounts and roll the distributions over into a single IRA with Financial Institution S. On Date 2, Taxpayer A received distributions of Amount A from IRA X and Amount B from IRA Y (Collectively Amount C). On Date 2, Taxpayer A's spouse delivered a check for Amount C to Individual B, made payable to Company Y and Financial Institution S, to establish the rollover IRA.

Taxpayer A began receiving account statements from Financial Institution R, listing Taxpayer A as the owner and Financial Institution S as custodian of the rollover IRA monthly, beginning on Date 3 and ending on Date 4.

Taxpayer A asserts that contrary to her instructions to rollover Amount C, Individual B falsely prepared the statements for the rollover IRA and retained the funds for her own personal benefit and use. It is further represented that the fraud perpetrated by Individual B was discovered by Financial Institution R on Date 5, and has been prosecuted in federal court. Documentation shows that Individual B pled guilty and was convicted in U.S. District Court on charges of mail fraud in connection with the theft of these funds, as well as others that were handled by her in a similar manner.

Based on the facts and representations, you request a ruling that the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") waive the 60 day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Code, with respect to the distribution of Amount C from IRAs X and Y.

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Section 408(d)(1) of the Code provides that, except as otherwise provided in section 408(d), any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA shall be included in gross income by the payee or distributee, as the case may be, in the manner provided under section 72 of the Code.

Section 408(d)(3) of the Code defines, and provides the rules applicable to IRA rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(1) of the Code does not apply to any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA to the individual for whose benefit the IRA is maintained if

(i) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an IRA for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the day on which the individual receives the payment or distribution; or

(ii) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an eligible retirement plan (other than an IRA) for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the date on which the payment or distribution is received, except that the maximum amount which may be paid into such plan may not exceed the portion of the amount received which is includible in gross income (determined without regard to section 408(d)(3)).

Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(3) does not apply to any amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) received by an individual from an IRA if at any time during the 1-year period ending on the day of such receipt such individual received any other amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) from an IRA which was not includible in gross income because of the application of section 408(d)(3).

Section 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code provides a similar 60-day rollover period for partial rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code provides that the Secretary may waive the 60-day requirement under sections 408(d)(3)(A) and 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual subject to such requirement. Only distributions that occurred after December 31, 2001, are eligible for the waiver under section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code.

Rev. Proc. 2003-16, 2003-4 I.R.B. 359 (January 27, 2003) provides that in determining whether to grant a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I), the Service will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including: (1) errors committed by a financial institution; (2) inability to complete a rollover due to death, disability, hospitalization,

incarceration, restrictions imposed by a foreign country or postal error; (3) the use of the amount distributed (for example, in the case of payment by check, whether the check was cashed); and (4) the time elapsed since the distribution occurred.

The information and documentation submitted by Taxpayer A is consistent with her assertion that her failure to accomplish a timely rollover was due to the misappropriation of Amount C by Individual B.

Therefore, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the Service hereby waives the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distributions of Amount A from IRA X and Amount B from IRA Y. Taxpayer A is granted a period of 60 days from the issuance of this ruling letter to contribute Amount C to a Rollover IRA. Provided all other requirements of section 408(d)(3) of the Code, except the 60-day requirement, are met with respect to such contribution, Amount C will be considered a rollover contribution within the meaning of section 408(d)(3) of the Code.

No opinion is expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations which may be applicable thereto.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

A copy of this ruling letter has been sent to your authorized representative in accordance with power of attorney on file in this office.

If you wish to inquire about this ruling, please contact ***, I.D. No. ***, at ***. Please address all correspondence to SE:T:EP:RA:T4.

Sincerely yours,


Laura B. Warshawsky, Manager
Employee Plans, Technical Group 4

Enclosures:
Deleted Copy of Ruling Letter
Notice of Intention to Disclose

cc: